# **CHAPTERS**

**Power Meters** 

### Detectors

Beam Characterization **Polarimetry Electronics** 

#### **V**SECTIONS

Balanced Detector	s
Photomultiplier Tubes	
Integrating Sphere	s
Photon Counter	
Amplified Photodetectors	
Biased Photodetectors	

sition-Sensing Detectors Photodiodes Photocurrent Amplifier

Cameras

# **Free-Space Balanced Amplified Detectors**

Threads

Fast Monitor Outputs

Power Supply Included

External SM1 Threads

and Internal SM05

## Features

and fiber adapters.

noise-equivalent power (NEP).

- Large Active Areas for Free-Space Beams
- Two Modes • 320 - 1060 nm (Si)
- 800 1700 nm (InGaAs) Excellent Common

The PDB210 series of balanced amplified photodetectors

utilize two large-area Si or InGaAs detectors to detect signal

path differences in two beams. The detectors are spaced 2" (50.8 mm) apart, making beam alignment an easy task on an optical table. To further simplify the use of these detectors, the housing has external SM1 (1.035"-40) and internal SM05 (0.535"-40) threads around each detector to attach components such as lens tubes, cage systems, mounted optics,

The design uses two matched photodiodes to achieve an

excellent common mode rejection, leading to better noise

noise, high-speed transimpedance amplifier to provide low

These detectors have two BNC monitor outputs to provide individual photodiode monitoring and a BNC RF output to monitor the difference between the photodiodes. Each detector includes a switchable power supply for 100 - 120 VAC or 220 - 240 VAC. One 8-32 (M4) tap

reduction. These photodiodes are combined with an ultralow

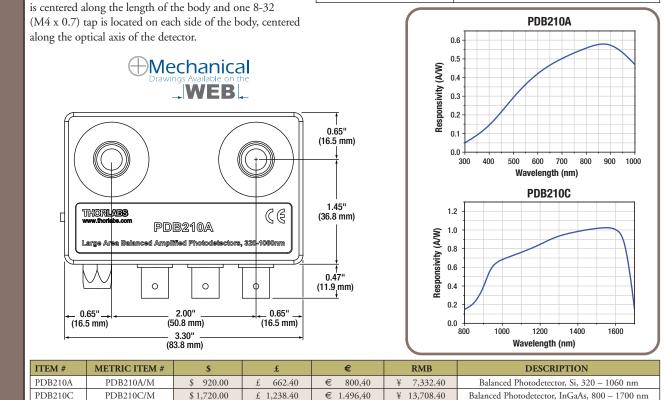
Mode Rejection

PDB210C



PDB210C

SPECIFICATIONS	PDB210A	PDB210C
Detector Type	Si/PIN	InGaAs/PIN
Wavelength Range	320 – 1060 nm	800 – 1700 nm
Responsivity (Max)	0.6 A/W @ 920 nm	1 A/W @ 1550 nm
Detector Diameter	5 mm	3 mm
Bandwidth, 3 dB	DC – 1 MHz	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	40 dB	30 dB
Transimpedance Gain	500 x 10 <sup>3</sup> V/A (175 x 10 <sup>3</sup> V/A with 50 $\Omega$ Termination)	
Conversion Gain (RF Output)	300 x 10 <sup>3</sup> V/W	500 x 10 <sup>3</sup> V/W
Conversion Gain (Monitor Outputs)	10 V/mW @ 920 nm	10 V/mW @ 1550 nm
CW Saturation Power (RF Output)	33 μW @ 920 nm	20 μW @ 1550 nm
Minimum NEP (DC - 10 MHz)	2.2 pW/√Hz	16 pW/√Hz
Damage Threshold	20 mW	
Electrical Outputs	BNC, 100 Ω	
Dimensions	3.3" x 2.1" x 0.8" (83.9 mm x 53.4 mm x 21 mm)	
Power Supply	±12 V @ 200 mA	



Top View



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