





MOUNTED LEDS

M505L4 505 nm LED, 400 mW Output Power

- ▶ UV, Visible, and IR Models Available
- Optimized Heat Management Results in Stable Output
- Internal SM1 (1.035"-40) Threading
- Collimation Adapters Available Separately



M405LP1 405 nm LED, 1200 mW Output Power

Hide Overview

OVERVIEW

Mounted LED Features

- Wavelengths Ranging from 265 nm to 1650 nm (See LED Quick Links Table to the Right)
- White, Broadband, and Dual-Peak LEDs Also Available
- Integrated Memory Stores LED Operating
 Parameters
- Thermal Properties Optimized for Stable Output
 Power
- Microscope- and SM-Thread-Compatible Collimation Adapters Available
- 4-Pin Female Mating Connector for Custom Power Supplies can be Purchased Separately

Each Thorlabs uncollimated, mounted LED consists of a single LED mounted to the end of a heat sink with 6 mm deep, SM1 (1.035"-40) internal threads. LEDs with Ø1.20" heat sinks have the same outer diameter as an SM1 Lens Tube, allowing them to fit inside a 30 mm Cage System. A selection of our LEDs are mounted to larger heat sinks, as they generate more heat during operation. These heat sinks are enclosed in Ø57.0 mm vented plastic housings and include four 4-40 tapped holes on the front for integration with 30 mm cage systems.



Click to Enlarge The MWWHL4 LED and COP1-A microscope collimation adapter used as a trans-illumination source for an Olympus microscope.



Click to Enlarge [APPLIST] [APPLIST] High-Power LED Inserted into CP33 Cage Plate and Mounted with Ø6 mm Cage Rods

LED Quick Links							
Mounted LEDs							
Deep UV (265 - 340 nm)							
UV (365 - 405 nm)							
Cold Visible (420 - 565 nm)							
Warm Visible (590 - 730 nm)							
IR (780 - 1650 nm)							
White (400 - 700 nm)							
Broadband (470 - 850 nm)							
LED Collimation ^a							
Adjustable Collimation Adapters							
Microscope Collimation Adapters							
LED Mating Connector							
LED Drivers							

 a. We offer suggestions for how to collimate most of our LEDs. Click on the info icons (1) below for details.



Every LED features an EEPROM chip which stores information about the LED (e.g., current limit, wavelength, forward voltage). When controlled by a Thorlabs DC2200, DC4100, or DC4104 LED driver, the data can be used to implement smart safety features.

These mounted LEDs possess good thermal stability an SM² properties, eliminating the issue of degradation of optical output power due to increased LED temperature. For more details, please see the *Stability* tab.

Please note that mounted LEDs are not intended for use in household illumination applications.

LED Collimation

Our adjustable collimation adapters can translate a \emptyset 2" (50 mm) lens by up to 20 mm. Each adjustable collimation adapter includes an internal SM2 (2.035"-40) thread adapter so that the LEDs can be easily integrated with Thorlabs' SM2-threaded components, such as our \emptyset 2" lens tubes. These adapters are offered in versions with and without an AR-coated aspheric condenser lens.

In addition, microscope collimation adapters are available that incorporate an AR-coated aspheric lens. These adapters mate to the epi-illumination ports on select Leica DMI, Nikon Eclipse Ti, Olympus IX/BX, or Zeiss Axioskop microscopes. Thorlabs also offers mounted LEDs with pre-attached microscope collimation adapters.

We offer suggestions for collimating most LEDs. Click on the info icon (1) for each LED below for details.

Driver Options

Thorlabs offers four drivers compatible with most or all of these LEDs: LEDD1B, DC2200, DC4100, and DC4104 (the latter two require the DC4100-HUB). See the tables below for driver compatibility info. The LEDD1B is capable of providing LED modulation frequencies up to 5 kHz, while DC4100 and DC4104 can modulate the LED at a rate up to 100 kHz. The DC2200 can provide modulation at up to 250 kHz if driven by an external source. In addition, the DC2200, DC4100, and DC4104 drivers are capable of reading the current limit from the EEPROM chip of the connected LED and automatically adjusting the maximum current setting to protect the LED.

Multi-LED Source

A customizable multi-LED source may be constructed using our mounted LEDs and other Thorlabs items. This source may be configured for integration with Thorlabs' versatile SM1 Lens Tube Systems and 30 mm Cage Systems. Please see the *Multi-LED Source* tab for a detailed item list and instructions.

Thorlabs also offers integrated, user-configurable 4-Wavelength High-Power LED Sources.

Hide Relative Power

RELATIVE POWER

Relative Power

The actual spectral output and total output power of any given LED will vary due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters, such as temperature and current. Both a typical and minimum output power are specified to help you select an LED that suits your needs. Each mounted LED will provide at least the minimum specified output power at the maximum current. In order to provide a point of comparison for the relative powers of LEDs with different nominal wavelengths, the spectra in the plots below have been scaled to the minimum output power for each LED. This data is representative, not absolute. An Excel file with normalized and scaled spectra for all of the mounted LEDs can be downloaded here.



Webpage Features Clicking this icon opens a window that

contains specifications, mechanical drawings, and information about driver and collimator compatibility.

Flicking this icon allows you to download our standard support documentation.



A mounted LED requires an LED driver to run; a collimation adapter (optional) collimates the diverging beam emitted by the LED. See the tables below to determine the appropriate LED driver. To determine the needed collimation adapter for a given LED, see the info icons () below.



Hide Stability

STABILITY

LED Lifetime and Long-Term Power Stability

One characteristic of LEDs is that they naturally exhibit power degradation with time. Often this power degradation is slow, but there are also instances where large, rapid drops in power, or even complete LED failure, occur. LED lifetimes are defined as the time it takes a specified percentage of a type of LED to fall below some power level. The parameters for the lifetime measurement can be written using the notation B_{XX}/L_{YY} , where XX is the percentage of that type of LED that will provide less than YY percent of the

specified output power after the lifetime has elapsed. Thorlabs defines the lifetime of our LEDs as B₅₀/L₅₀,

meaning that 50% of the LEDs with a given item # will fall below 50% of the initial optical power at the end of the specified lifetime. For example, if a batch of 100 LEDs is rated for 150 mW of output power, 50 of these LEDs can be expected to produce an output power of \leq 75 mW after the specified LED lifetime has elapsed.



Our 340 nm mounted LED has a typical lifetime of >3,000 hours. In this case, the unit under test continued to provide more than 90% of its initial power after 45 days.



The sample plot to the right shows example data from long-term stability testing over a 45 day period for a 340 nm mounted LED, which had a lifetime of >3,000 hours (~125 days). The small power drop experienced by the LED after it is turned on is typical behavior during the first few minutes of operation. It corresponds to the period of time required for the LED to warm up to the point where it is thermally stable. Please note that this graph represents the performance of a single LED; the performance of individual LEDs will vary within the stated specifications.

Optimized Thermal Management

The thermal dissipation performance of these mounted LEDs has been optimized for stable power output. The heat sink is directly mounted to the LED mount so as to provide optimal thermal contact. By doing so, the degradation of optical output power that can be attributed to increased LED junction temperature is minimized (see the graph to the left).

Hide Collimation

COLLIMATION

Obtaining a Well-Collimated Beam

After installing the chosen collimation package on a mounted LED, the distance between the lens and the LED may need to be adjusted to ensure that the LED is properly collimated. A well-collimated beam has minimal divergence and will not converge at any point in the beam path (see images below for comparison). Be advised that, due to the high emitter surface area of the LED, the output beam cannot be perfectly collimated. Divergence data for select LEDs is provided in the below table as a reference; see the info icons () below for the recommended collimating optic for each LED.

- 1. Power on the LED and check to see if it is properly collimated. It is easiest to check that the beam is collimated by noting the changes in the beam diameter over a range of about 1" to 2 feet away; change the distance of the lens from the LED and check again. Do this until the least divergent, non-converging, homogenous beam is obtained. The beam should be somewhat circular, may have a slightly polygonal shape, and should not be a clear image of the LED itself.
- If you see an image of the LED, this means that the lens is not close enough to the LED. Move the lens closer to the LED until the image blurs and becomes homogenous – this is the point of collimation. Note: If the lens needs to be closer to the LED when using the DIY collimation assembly, use one retaining ring to secure the lens against the internal lip of the SM1V05.



Image of the LED



Click to Enlarge Collimated Beam Uncollimated Beam

3. Once the proper collimation position of the lens has been found, lock the position of the lens in place.

The table below provides examples of how the half viewing angle changes for select LEDs with the addition of a Ø1" aspheric condenser lens.

				Half Viewing Angle ^c				
Item #	Color	Nominal Wavelength ^a	Optimum Lens to Emitter Distance ^b	+1 mm Out of Focus ^d	at Optimum Focusing Distance	-1 mm Out of Focus ^d		
M365L2	UV	365 nm	12.7 mm	2.79°	1.32°	3.11°		
M385L2	UV	385 nm	12.8 mm	2.68°	1.33°	3.06°		
M405L2	UV	405 nm	12.9 mm	2.94°	1.63°	3.06°		
M505L3	Cyan	505 nm	13.2 mm	3.52°	2.72°	3.46°		
M625L3	Red	625 nm	14.4 mm	3.46°	2.27°	3.13°		
M850L3	IR	850 nm	13.8 mm	3.29°	3.10°	3.93°		
M940L3	IR	940 nm	13.9 mm	3.42°	2.46°	3.70°		
MCWHL5	Cold White	6500 K ^e	13.9 mm	3.41°	2.47°	3.14°		

a. The specifications listed in the table above are nominal values specified by the LED manufacturer.

b. Optimum distance between the respective mounted LED and the ACL2520U lens used to collimate the beam.

c. Power loss to 1/e² (13.5%).

d. ±1 mm out of focus from Optimum Distance between the respective mounted LED and the ACL2520U lens used to collimate the beam.

The divergence data was calculated using Zemax.

<u>Hide Pin Diagram</u>

PIN DIAGRAM

Pin Connection - Male

The diagram to the right shows the male connector of the mounted LED assembly. It is a standard M8 x 1 sensor circular connector. Pins 1 and 2 are the connection to the LED. Pin 3 and 4 are used for the internal EEPROM in these LEDs. If using an LED driver that was not purchased from Thorlabs, be careful that the appropriate connections are made to Pin 1 and Pin 2 and that you do not attempt to drive the LED through the EEPROM pins.

1	6		1	1
1		23	4)
		-	1	

Pin	Specification	Color
1	LED Anode	Brown
2	LED Cathode	White
3	EEPROM GND	Black
4	EEPROM IO	Blue

Hide Multi-LED Source

MULTI-LED SOURCE

Creating a Custom Multi-LED Source for Microscope Illumination

Thorlabs offers the items necessary to create your own custom multi-LED light source using two or three of the mounted LEDs offered below. As configured in the following example, the light source is intended to be used with the illumination port of a microscope. However, it may be integrated with other applications using Thorlabs' versatile SM1 Lens Tube and 30 mm Cage Systems. Thorlabs also offers integrated, user-configurable 4-Wavelength LED Sources.

Design & Construction

First, light will be collimated by lenses mounted in lens tubes. Dichroic mirrors mounted in kinematic cage cubes then combine the output from the multiple LEDs. The mounted LEDs may be driven by LEDD1B Compact T-Cube LED Drivers (power supplies are sold separately). The LEDD1B LED Drivers allow each LED's output to be independently modulated and can provide up to 1200 mA of current. Please take care not to drive the LED sources above their max current ratings.

When designing your custom source, select mounted LEDs from below along with dichroic mirror(s) that have cutoff wavelength(s) between the LED wavelengths. The appropriate dichroic mirror(s) will reflect light from side-mounted LEDs and transmit light along the optical axis. Please note that most of these dichroic mirrors are "longpass" filters, meaning they transmit the longer wavelengths and reflect the shorter wavelengths. To superimpose light from three or more LEDs, add each in series (as shown below), starting from the back with longer wavelength LEDs when using longpass filters. Shortpass filters may also used if the longer wavelength is transmitted. Sample combinations of compatible dichroic mirrors and LEDs are offered in the three tables below.

It is also necessary to select an aspheric condenser lens for each source with AR coatings appropriate for the source. Before assembling the light source, collimate the light from each mounted LED as detailed in the *Collimation* tab. For mounting the aspheric lenses in the SM1V05 Lens Tubes using the included SM1RR retaining rings, we recommend the SPW801 Adjustable Spanner Wrench. A properly collimated LED source should have a resultant beam that is approximately homogenous and not highly divergent at a distance of approximately 2 feet (60 cm). An example of a well-collimated beam is shown on the *Collimation* tab.

After each LED source is collimated, thread the SM1V05 Lens Tubes at the end of each collimated LED assembly into their respective C4W Cage Cube ports using SM1T2 Lens Tube Couplers. Install each dichroic filter in an FFM1 Dichroic Filter Holder, and mount each filter holder onto a B4C Kinematic Cage Cube Platform. Each platform is then installed in the C4W Cage Cubes by partially threading the included screws into the bottom of the cube, and then inserting and rotating the B4C platform into place. Align the platform to the desired position and then firmly tighten the screws. To connect multiple cage cubes and the microscope adapter, use the remaining SM1T2 lens tube couplers along with an SM1L05 0.5" Lens Tube between adjacent cage cubes. Finally, adjust the rotation, tip, and tilt of each B4C platform to align the reflected and transmitted beams so they overlap as closely as possible.

If desired, a multi-LED source may be constructed that employs more than three LEDs. The limiting factors for the number of LEDs that can be practically used are the collimation of the light and the dichroic mirror efficiency over the specified range. Heavier multi-LED sources may be supported with our \emptyset 1" or \emptyset 1.5" Posts.



Click to Enlarge Multi-LED Source Coupled to Microscope Illumination Port



Click to Enlarge Three-LED Source Using Components Mounted LEDs and Dichroic Mirrors Detailed in Example Configuration 1



Click to Enlarge Beam Profile of Source with 3 Mounted LEDs



Click to Enlarge Two-LED source. This is the same as Example 1, but with the blue LED removed.

	Parts List									
#	Pro	duct Description	Item #	2 LEDs	3 LEDs					
#	FIO		ittein #	Item Qty.						
		Olympus IX or BX	SM1A14							
1	Microscope Illumination	Leica DMI	SM1A21	1	1					
'	Port Adapter:	Zeiss Axioskop	SM1A23 ^a		'					
		Nikon Eclipse Ti	SM1A26							
2		Mounted LED ^b	-	2	3					
-	T-Cube LED Driv	rer, 1200 mA Max Drive Current	LEDD1B ^c	2	3					
-	15 V Powe	er Supply Unit for T-Cube	KPS101 ^c	2	3					
3	4-Way Mou	unting 30 mm Cage Cube	C4W	1	2					
4	Kinematic Cage	e Cube Platform for C4W/C6W	B4C	1	2					
5	30 mm Cage-Co	ompatible Dichroic Filter Mount	FFM1	1	2					
6	D	ichroic Filter(s) ^d	-	1	2					
7	Externally	SM1-Threaded End Cap	SM1CP2	1	2					
8	SM1 (1.035"-40) Co	upler, External Threads, 0.5" Long	SM1T2	3	5					
9	Ø1" SM1 Lens Tu	ibe, 1/2" Long External Threads	SM1V05	2	3					
_	Aspheric	AR-Coated 350 - 700 nm	ACL2520U-A ^{c,e}	2	3					
	Condenser Lens	AR-Coated 650 - 1050 nm	ACL2520U-B ^{c,e}	2	5					
10	SM1 Lens	Tube, 0.3" Thread Depth	SM1L03	2	4					
-	Blank Cover Plate	with Rubber O-Ring for C4W/C6W	B1C ^c	1	2					

- a. The SM1A23 Zeiss Axioskop Microscope Adapter is shown.
- b. Mounted LEDs are available below.
- c. Item not pictured.
- d. Please see the following tables for suggested compatible LED and dichroic filter combinations, or create your own by taking into account the transmission and reflection wavelength ranges of our Dichroic Filters.
- e . Lenses are mounted in the SM1V05 Lens Tube in front of each LED. For each lens, select an AR coating corresponding to the emission wavelength of the LED source.

C	Example Configuration 1	c	Example Configuration 2	Example Configuration 3		
I	Mounted LEDs	I	Mounted LEDs	Mounted LEDs		
#	Item #	#	Item #	#	Item #	

2a	M625L4	2a	M625L4	2	2a	M1050L2
2b	M530L4	2b	M455L4	2	2b	MCWHL6
2c	M455L4	2c	2c M1050L2		D	ichroic Filter(s)
D	ichroic Filter(s)	Dichroic Filter(s)			ŧ	Item #
#	Item #	#	ltem #	6	6a	DMLP900R
6a	DMLP605R	6a	DMLP505R			
6b	DMLP505R	6b	DMSP805R			

Hide Ray Data

RAY DATA

Ray data for Zemax is available for some of the bare LEDs incorporated into these high-powered light sources. This data is provided in a zipped folder that can be downloaded by clicking on the red document icons (part numbers in the pricing tables below.

Item #	Information File	Available Ray Files	File Size	Click to Download
M365L2	M365_Info.pdf	100,000 Rays and 1 Million Rays	27.4 MB	Ē
M385L2	M385_Info.pdf	1 Million Rays and 5 Million Rays	148 MB	Ē
M450LP1 ^a	LD_CQAR_20150731_info.pdf	100,000 Rays, 500,000 Rays, and 5 Million Rays	123 MB	È
M505L3 ^a	LV_CK7P_191212_info.pdf	100,000 Rays, 500,000 Rays, and 5 Million Rays	123 MB	È
M850L3 ^a	SFH4715S_100413_info.pdf	100,000 Rays, 500,000 Rays, and 5 Million Rays	140 MB	È
M940L3 ^a	SFH_4725S_110413_info.pdf	100,000 Rays, 500,000 Rays, and 5 Million Rays	140 MB	

Every zipped folder

a. A radiometric color spectrum, bare LED CAD file, and sample Zemax file are also available for these LEDs.

contains an information file and one or more ray files for use with Zemax:

- . Information File: This document contains a summary of the types of data files included in the zipped folder and some basic information about their use. It includes a table listing each document type and the corresponding filenames.
- Ray Files: These are binary files containing ray data for use with Zemax.

For the LEDs marked with an superscript "a" in the table to the right, the following additional pieces of information are also included in the zipped folder:

- Radiometric Color Spectrum: This .spc file is also intended for use with Zemax.
- CAD Files: A file indicating the geometry of the bare LED. For the dimensions of the high-power mounted LEDs that include the package, please see the support drawings provided by Thorlabs.
- Sample Zemax File: A sample file containing the recommended settings and placement of the ray files and bare LED CAD model when used with Zemax.

The table to the right summarizes the ray files available for each LED and any other supporting documentation provided.

Hide Use with Cerna

USE WITH CERNA

Using Mounted LEDs in Cerna® Microscope Systems

Mounted LEDs, which can have either narrowband or broadband spectra, are useful for a range of applications within Thorlabs' Cerna microscopy platform:

- Fluorescence Microscopy
- Brightfield Microscopy
- Near Infrared/Infrared (NIR/IR) Microscopy

If you are interested in using a mounted LED with a Cerna modular microscopy system, the mounted LED can be attached by way of the single-cube epiilluminator module (Item # WFA2001), which contains AR-coated optics optimized for the 350 - 700 nm wavelength range. The mounted LED and epiilluminator module are connected together by an externally threaded coupler (Item # SM1T10, provided with the WFA2001), which includes two knurled locking rings (Item # SM1NT, also provided with the WFA2001) that are tightened by hand. The mounted LED is then powered by a driver, sold separately. Please see the LED Drivers tab to identify the appropriate driver for your mounted LED. If you wish to connect multiple mounted LEDs to the epiilluminator module, contact Technical Support.

Epi-Illumination

WFA2001 Epi-Illuminator Module

Trans-Illumination

Illumination Kits





Enlarge Attaching the mounted LED is possible before or after connecting the epiilluminator module to the microscope.

Enlarge An exploded view of the mounted LED and its connection with the WFA2001 epi-illuminator module.



Enlarge The mounted LED and epi-illuminator module attached to the Cerna microscope.

Please see the Overview tab to choose the appropriate color spectrum of mounted LED for your imaging needs. Again, note that the epi-illuminator module is optimized for 350 - 700 nm wavelength illumination sources.

Certain mounted LEDs are also compatible with our illumination kits for trans-illumination. Please contact Technical Support if you wish to use an LED not currently offered as a component of these kits, as the collimating optics are optimized for certain beam characteristics.

Hide LED Drivers

ED DRIVERS									
Compatible Drivers	LEDD1B	DC2200 ^a	DC4100 ^{a,b,c,}	DC4104 ^{a,b,c}					
Click Photos to Enlarge									
LED Driver Current Output (Max)	1.2 A	LED1 Terminal: 10.0 A LED2 Terminal: 2.0 A ^d	1.0 A per Channel	1.0 A per Channel					
LED Driver Forward Voltage (Max)	12 V	50 V	5 V	5 V					
Modulation Frequency Using External Input (Max)	5 kHz	250 kHz ^{e,f}	100 kHz ^f (Simultaneous Across all Channels)	100 kHz ^f (Independently Controlled Channels)					
External Control Interface(s)	Analog (BNC)	USB 2.0 and Analog (BNC)	USB 2.0 and Analog (BNC)	USB 2.0 and Analog (8-Pin)					
Main Driver Features	Very Compact Footprint 60 mm x 73 mm x 104 mm (W x H x D)	Touchscreen Interface with Internal and External Options for Pulsed and Modulated LED Operation	4 Channels ^b	4 Channels ^b					
EEPROM Compatible: Reads Out LED Data for LED Settings	-	~	~	1					
LCD Display	-	✓	✓	✓					

- a. Automatically limits to LED's max current via EEPROM readout.
- b. The DC4100 and DC4104 can power and control up to four LEDs simultaneously when used with the DC4100-HUB. The LEDs on this page all require the DC4100-HUB when used with the DC4100 or DC4104.
- c. These LED drivers have a maximum forward voltage rating of 5 V and can provide a maximum current of 1000 mA. As a result, they cannot be used

to drive LEDs which have forward voltage ratings greater than 5 V. LEDs with maximum current ratings higher than 1.0 A can be driven using this driver, but will not reach full power.

- d. The mounted LEDs sold below are compatible with the LED2 Terminal.
- e. Small Signal Bandwidth: Modulation not exceeding 20% of full scale current. The driver accepts other waveforms, but the maximum frequency will be reduced.
- f Several of these LEDs produce light by stimulating emission from phosphor, which limits their modulation frequencies. The M565L3, M595L3, and all purple or white LEDs may not turn off completely when modulated above 10 kHz at duty cycles below 50%. The MBB1L3 LED may not turn off completely when modulated at frequencies above 1 kHz with a duty cycle of 50%. When the MBB1L3 is modulated at frequencies above 1 kHz, the duty cycle may be reduced; for example, 10 kHz modulation is attainable with a duty cycle of 5%.

Hide LED Selection Guide

ED SELECTION GUIDE											
	Light Emitting Diode (LED) Selection Guide										
(Click Representative Photo to Enlarge; Not to Scale)	and a second					\$		Ŵ			
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy (Item # Prefix ^a)	Fiber- Coupled LEDs ^b	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options ^c	LED Arrays	
Single Color LE	Ds		1				1		II		
250 nm	LED250J (1 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
255 nm	LED255J (1 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
260 nm	LED260W (0.3 mW) LED260J (1 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
265 nm	-	-	-	M265D2 (10 mW Min) M265D3 (24 mW Min)	M265L3 (10 mW Min) M265L4 (24 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	
275 nm	LED275W (0.8 mW) LED275J (1 mW Min)	-	-	M275D2 (45 mW Min)	M275L4 (45 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	
280 nm	LED280J (1 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
285 nm	LED285W (0.8 mW)	-	-	M285D3 (50 mW Min)	M285L5 (50 mW Min)	-	M285F4 (420 µW)	-	-	-	
290 nm	LED290W (0.8 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
300 nm	LED300W (0.5 mW)	-	-	M300D3 (26 mW Min)	M300L4 (26 mW Min)	-	M300F2 (320 µW)	-	-	-	
315 nm	LED315W (0.6 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
340 nm	LED341W (0.33 mW)	-	-	M340D3 (53 mW Min)	M340L4 (53 mW Min)	-	M340F3 (1.06 mW)	-	-	-	
				M365D1 (190 mW Min)	M365L2 (190 mW Min)	M365L2 (60 mW) ^d	M365F1 (4.1 mW)	SOLIS-365C	Chrolis (1130 mW)	LIU365A	
365 nm	-	-	-	M365D2 (1150 mW Min)	M365LP1 (11-50 mW Min)	M365LP1 (350 mW) ^d	M365FP1 (15.5 mW)	(3.0 W) ^e	4- Wavelength Source	(31 mW)	

375 nm	(1 mW) LED370E (2.5 mW)	-	-	M375D4 (1270 mW Min)	M375L4 (1270 mW Min)	-	(4.23 mW)	-	-	-
				M385D1 (270 mW Min)	M385L2 (270 mW Min)	M385L2 (90 mW) ^d	M385F1 (10.7 mW)		Chrolis (1250 mW)	
385 nm	LED385L (5 mW)	-	-	M385D2 (1650 mW Min)	M385LP1 (1650 mW Min)	M385LP1 (520 mW) ^d	M385FP1 (23.2 mW)	SOLIS-385C (5.8 W) ^e	4- Wavelength Source (95 mW)	-
395 nm	LED395L (6 mW)	-	-	M395D3 (400 mW Min)	M395L4 (400 mW Min)	-	M395F3 (6.8 mW)	-	-	-
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy (Item # Prefix ^a)	Fiber- Coupled LEDs ^b	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options ^c	LED Arrays
Single Color LE	Ds									
	LED405L (6 mW)				M405L4 (1000 mW Min)	M405L3 (440 mW) ^d	M405F1		Chrolis (900 mW)	
405 nm	LED405E	-	-	M405D2 (1500 mW Min)	M405LP1	M405L4 (510 mW) ^f M405LP1	(3.7 mW) M405FP1	SOLIS-405C (3.9 W) ^e	4- Wavelength Source	-
	(10 mW)				(1200 mW Min)	(450 mW) ^d	(24.3 mW)		(290 mW)	
415 nm	-	-	-	M415D2 (1640 mW Min)	M415L4 (1310 mW Min) M415LP1	-	M415F3 (21.3 mW)	SOLIS-415C (5.8 W) ^e	-	-
					(1640 mW Min)			(0.0.1.)		
									Chrolis (710 mW)	
420 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4- Wavelength Source (95 mW)	-
430 nm	LED430L (8 mW)	-	-	M430D2 (490 mW Min)	M430L4 (490 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
445 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SOLIS-445C (5.4 W) ^e	-	-
450 nm	LED450L (7 mW)	-	LEDS450 (250 mW)	M450D3 (1850 mW Min)	M450LP1 (1850 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
				M455D3	M455L4	M455L3 (360 mW) ^d	M455F3		4- Wavelength	
455 nm	-	-	-	(1150 mW Min)	(1150 mW Min)	M455L4 (490 mW) ^d	(24.5 mW)	-	Source (310 mW)	-
465 nm	LED465E (20 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
470 nm	LED470L	EP470S04 (18 mW Min)	-	M470D2 (650 mW Min)	M470L4	M470L4	M470F3	SOLIS-470C	4- Wavelength	LIU470A
	(170 mW)	EP470S10 (100 mW Min)		M470D3 (760 mW Min)	(760 mW Min)	(330 mW) ^d	(17.2 mW)	(3.0 W) ^e	Source (250 mW)	(253 mW)
475 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Chrolis (630 mW)	-
				1440050			MAGOEO		Chrolis (120 mW)	
	LED490L(3			M490D3	M490L4		M490F3		4-	

M375D4

M375L4

M375F2

LED375L (1 mW) (85 mW)

490 nm	mW)	-	-	(205 mW Min)	(205 mW Min)	-	(2.3 mW)	-	Wavelength Source (50 mW)	-
505 nm	LED505L			M505D2 (400 mW Min)	M505L3 (400 mW Min)	M505L3 (150 mW) ^d	M505F3	SOLIS-505C	4- Wavelength	
505 1111	(4 mW)		-	M505D3 (400 mW Min)	M505L4 (400 mW Min)	M505L4 (170 mW) ^d	(11.7 mW)	(1.0 W) ^e	Source (170 mW)	-
525 nm	LED525E (2.6 mW Max) LED525L (4 mW) LED528EHP	-	-	-	-	-	-	SOLIS-525C (2.4 W) ^e	Chrolis (180 mW)	LIU525A (111 mW)
	(7 mW)									
530 nm	-	-	-	M530D2 (350 mW Min) M530D3	M530L4 (370 mW Min)	M530L3 (130 mW) ^d M530L4	M530F2 (6.8 mW)	-	4- Wavelength Source	-
				(370 mW Min)		(160 mW) ^d			(100 mW)	
554 nm	-	-	-	MINTD3 (650 mW Min)	MINTL5 (650 mW Min)	-	MINTF4 (21 mW Min)	-	-	-
555 nm	LED555L (1 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
565 nm	-	-	-	M565D2 (880 mW Min)	M565L3 (880 mW Min)	-	M565F3 (13.5 mW)	SOLIS-4C (3.2 W) ^e	Chrolis (350 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (106 mW)	-
570 nm	LED570L (0.3 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	LED590L (2 mW)	EP590S04 (3.5 mW Min)		M590D2 (160 mW Min)	M590L3 (160 mW Min)	M590L3 (60 mW) ^d			Chrolis (140 mW)	
590 nm	LED591E (2 mW)	EP590S10 (18 mW Min)	-	M590D3 (230 mW Min)	M590L4 (230 mW Min)	M590L4 (100 mW) ^d	M590F3 (4.6 mW)	SOLIS-590C (350 mW) ^e	4- Wavelength Source (65 mW)	LIU590A (109 mW)
595 nm	-	-	-	M595D2 (445 mW Min)	M595L3 (445 mW Min)	-	M595F2 (8.7 mW)	SOLIS-595C (700 mW) ^e	-	-
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy (Item # Prefix ^a)	Fiber- Coupled LEDs ^b	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options ^c	LED Arrays
Single Color LE						1				
600 nm	LED600L (3 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
610 nm	LED610L (8 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
617 nm	-	-	-	M617D2 (600 mW Min) M617D3	M617L3 (600 mW Min) M617L4	M617L3 (230 mW) ^d M617L4	M617F2 (10.2 mW)	SOLIS-617C (1.5 mW) ^e	4- Wavelength Source	-
				(660 mW Min)	(660 mW Min)	(280 mW) ^d		SOLIS-623C	(210 mW)	
623 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.8 W) ^e	-	-

625 nm	LED625L (12 mW)	-	-	M625D3 (700 mW Min)	M625L4 (700 mW Min)	M625L3 (270 mW) ^d M625L4 (490 mW) ^d	M625F1 (13.2 mW)	-	Chrolis (490 mW) 4- Wavelength Source (240 mW)	-
630 nm	LED630L (16 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LIU630A (208 mW)
635 nm	LED631E (4 mW) LED635L (170 mW)	- <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
639 nm	LED630E (7.2 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
645 nm	LED645L (16 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
660 nm	LED660L (13 mW)	-	-	M660D2 (940 mW Min)	M660L4 (940 mW Min)	M660L4 (400 mW) ^d	M660F1 (14.5 mW)	SOLIS-660C (2.0 W) ^e	4- Wavelength Source (210 mW)	-
670 nm	LED670L (12 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
680 nm	LED680L (8 mW)	-	-	M680D2 (180 mW Min)	M680L4 (180 mW Min)	-	M680F3 (2.7 mW)	-	-	-
700 nm	-	EP700S04 (5 mW Min) EP700S10 (30 mW Min)	_	M700D2 (80 mW Min)	M700L4 (80 mW Min)	-	M700F3 (1.7 mW)	-	-	-
730 nm	-	-	-	M730D3 (540 mW Min)	M730L5 (540 mW Min)	M730L4 (165 mW) ^d	-	-	-	-
740 nm	-	-	-	-	-	-	M740F2 (6.0 mW)	SOLIS-740C (2.0 W) ^e	-	-
750 nm	LED750L (18 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
760 nm	LED760L (24 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
770 nm	LED770L (22 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
780 nm	LED780E (18 mW) LED780L (22 mW)	· _	-	M780D2 (200 mW Min) M780D3 (800 mW Min)	M780L3 (200 mW Min) M780LP1 (800 mW Min)	M780L3 (130 mW) ^d	M780F2 (7.5 mW)	-	Chrolis (40 mW)	LIU780A (315 mW)
800 nm	LED800L (20 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
810 nm	LED810L (22 mW)	EP810S04 (16 mW Min) EP810S10 (90 mW Min)	-	M810D2 (325 mW Min) M810D3 (363 mW Min)	M810L3 (325 mW Min) M810L4 (363 mW Min)	M810L3 (210 mW) ^d	M810F2 (6.5 mW)	-	-	-
830 nm	LED830L (22 mW)	(90 mW Min) -	-	-	(303 mw Win) -	-	-	-	-	-
840 nm	LED840L (22 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
850 nm	LED851L (13 mW)	-	-	M850D2 (900 mW Min) M850D3	M850L3 (900 mW Min) M850LP1	M850L3 (330 mW) ^d	M850F2 (13.4 mW)	SOLIS-850C (2.7 W) ^e	-	LIU850A (322 mW)
	LED870E			(1400 mW)	(1400 mW Min)					

	(22 mW)									
870 nm	LED870L (24 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
880 nm	-	-	-	M880D2 (300 mW Min)	M880L3 (300 mW Min)	-	M880F2 (3.4 mW)	-	-	-
890 nm	LED890L (12 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
910 nm	LED910L (10 mW) LED910E (12 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
930 nm	LED930L (15 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
940 nm	LED940E (18 mW)	-	-	M940D2 (800 mW Min)	M940L3 (800 mW Min)	M940L3 (320 mW) ^d	M940F3 (14.2 mW)	SOLIS-940C (2.5 W) ^e	-	-
970 nm	LED970L (5 mW)	-	-	M970D3 (600 mW Min)	M970L4 (600 mW Min)	-	M970F3 (8.1 mW)	-	-	-
Wavelength	Unmounted LEDs	Pigtailed LEDs	LEDs in SMT Packages	PCB- Mounted LEDs	Heatsink- Mounted LEDs	Collimated LEDs for Microscopy (Item # Prefix ^a)	Fiber- Coupled LEDs ^b	High-Power LEDs for Microsocopy	Multi- Wavelength LED Source Options ^c	LED Arrays
Single Color LE	Ds		1			1	1	1	11	
1050 nm	LED1050E (2.5 mW)	-	-	M1050D1 (50 mW Min)	M1050L2 (50 mW Min)	_	-	. <u>-</u>	-	-
	LED1050L (4 mW)			M1050D3 (160 mW Min)	M1050L4 (160 mW Min)		M1050F3 (3 mW)			
1070 nm	LED1070L (4 mW) LED1070E	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1085 nm	(7.5 mW) LED1085L	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_
	(5 mW)									
1200 nm	LED1200E (2.5 mW) LED1200L (5 mW)	-	-	M1200D2 (30 mW Min)	M1200L3 (30 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
1300 nm	LED1300E (2 mW) LED1300L	-	-	M1300D2 (25 mW Min)	M1300L3 (25 mW Min)	-	-	-	-	-
	(3.5 mW)			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,					
1450 nm	LED1450E (2 mW)	-	-	M1450D2	M1450L3	-	-	-	-	-
	LED1450L (5 mW)			(31 mW Min)	(31 mW Min)					
1550 nm	LED1550E (2 mW)	-	-	M1550D2	M1550L3	-	-	-	-	-
	LED1550L (4 mW)			(31 mW Min)	(31 mW Min)					
1600 nm	LED1600L (2 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1650 nm	LED1600P (1.2 mW)	-	-	M1650D2 (13 mW)	M1650L4 (13 mW)	-	-	-	-	-
1750 nm	LED1700P (1.2 mW Quasi-CW, 30 mW	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Pulsed) Pulsed) Image: CW, 20 mW Pulsed) <th< th=""><th></th><th></th></th<>		
(1.0 mW	-	-
25 mW Pulsed)	-	-
LED2050P (1.1 mW Quasi-CW, - 28 mW Pulsed)	-	-
LED2350P (0.8 mW Quasi-CW, - 16 mW Pulsed)	-	-
LED4300P (0.03 mW -	-	-
LED4600P (0.006 mW	-	-
Wavelength Unmounted Pigtailed SMT Mounted Heatsink- for Coupled LEDs	Multi- Wavelength LED	LED
LEDs LEDs LEDs Packages LEDs Mounted LEDs Microscopy Orapica for Microscopy Prefix ^a)	Source Options ^c	Arrays
Packages LEDs (Item # LEDs ^b Microsocopy		
Packages LEDs (Item # LEDs Microsocopy Prefix ^a)		
Packages LEDs (Item # LEDs ^b Microsocopy Multi-Color, Broadband, and White LEDs - - - MPRP1D2 MPRP1L4 (12.5% ⁹) and - - - - - -		
Multi-Color, BrownPackagesLEDsLEDs(Item # Prefixa)LEDsMicrosocopyMulti-Color, BrownBrownMicrosocopyMicrosocopyMicrosocopyMicrosocopy455 nm (12.5%9) and 640 nmMPRP1D2 (275 mW Min)MPRP1L4 (275 mW Min)572 nm and 0.19 mW)LEDGR (0.09 mW and 0.19 mW)588 nm and 617 nmLEDRY mW)		
Multi-Color, Brown (12.5%g) and 640 nmLEDGR (0.09 mW and 0.19PackagesLEDsMicrosocopy MPRP1D2 (275 mW Min)MPRP1L4 		

(Broadband)	-	-	-	(70 mW Min)	(70 mW Min)	-	(1.2 mW)	-	-	-
				MCWHD2 (800 mW Min)	MCWHL5 (800 mW Min)	MCWHL5 (440 mW) ^f				
6500 K (Cold White)	-	-	-	MCWHD4 (990 mW Min)	MCWHL6 (990 mW Min)	MCWHL6 (354 mW) ^d	-	SOLIS-1C (3.3 W) ^e	-	-
				MCWHD3 (2350 mW Min)	MCWHLP1 (2350 mW Min)	-				
6200 K (Cold White)	-	-	-	-	-	-	MCWHF2 (21.5 mW)	-	-	-
5000 K (Cold White)	-	-	LEDSW50 (110 mW)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4600 - 9000 K (Cold White)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	LIUCWHA (250 mW)
4000 K (Warm White	-	-	LEDSW40 (115 mW)	-	-	-	MWWHF2 (16.3 mW)	-	-	-
3000 K (Warm White)	-	-	LEDSW30 (100 mW)	MWWHD3 (2000 mW Min)	MWWHL4 (570 mW Min) MWWHLP1 (2000 mW Min)	. <u>-</u>	-	SOLIS-2C (3.2 W) ^e	-	-
5700 K (Day Light White)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SOLIS-3C (3.5 W)	-	-

 a. These Collimated LEDs are compatible with the standard and epi-illumination ports on the following microscopes: Olympus BX/IX (Item # Suffix: -C1),
 b. Leica DMI (Item # Suffix: -C2), Zeiss Axioskop (Item # Suffix: -C4), and Nikon Eclipse (Bayonet Mount, Item # Suffix: -C5). Typical power when used with MM Fiber with Ø400 µm core, 0.39 NA.

Our Multi-Wavelength LED Sources are available with select combinations of the LEDs at these wavelengths.

Typical power for LEDs with the Leica DMI collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C2).

Minimum power for the collimated output of these LEDs. The collimation lens is installed with each LED.

Typical power for LEDs with the Olympus BX and IX collimation package (Item # Suffix: -C1).

Percentage of LED intensity that emits in the blue portion of the spectrum, from 400 nm to 525 nm.

Hide Deep UV Mounted LEDs (265 - 340 nm)

c. d.

e. f.

g.

Deep UV Mounted LEDs (265 - 340 nm)

Please note that our deep UV LEDs radiate intense UV light during operation. Precautions must be taken to prevent looking directly at the UV light, and UV light protective glasses must be worn to avoid eye damage. Exposure of the skin and other body parts to UV light should be avoided.

Item #	Info ^a	Nominal Wavelength ^b	Housing Type ^c	LED Output Power (Min / Typ.) ^{b,d}	Bandwidth (FWHM)	Irradiance (Typ.) ^e	Max Current (CW)	Forward Voltage (Typ.)	Viewing Angle (Full Angle at Half Max)	Recommended Driver
M265L3		265 nm		10 mW / 12 mW	11 nm	-	350 mA	6.8 V	130°	
M265L4	0	265 nm		24 mW / 35 mW	6.8 nm	0.47 µW/mm ²	350 mA	6.0 V	120°	
M275L4	0	275 nm		45 mW / 80 mW	11 nm	0.8 µW/mm ²	700 mA	7.3 V	118°	DC2200 or LEDD1B
M285L5	0	285 nm		50 mW / 70 mW	13 nm	0.7 µW/mm ²	500 mA	5.9 V	120°	
M300L4	0	300 nm		26 mW / 32 mW	20 nm	0.3 µW/mm ²	350 mA	8.0 V	130°	
M340L4	0	340 nm		53 mW / 60 mW	11 nm	2.22 µW/mm ²	700 mA	4.6 V	110°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^f , or DC4104 ^f

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

c. Click for LED Product Photo

d. When Driven at the Max Current

- e. Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.
- f. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
M265L3	265 nm, 10 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 350 mA	\$1,361.30	Today
M265L4	NEW! 265 nm, 24 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 350 mA	\$950.00	Today
M275L4	275 nm, 45 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$371.32	Today
M285L5	285 nm, 50 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$976.03	Today
M300L4	300 nm, 26 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 350 mA	\$497.78	Today
M340L4	340 nm, 53 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$312.73	Today

Hide UV Mounted LEDs (365 - 405 nm)

UV Mounted LEDs (365 - 405 nm)

Please note that our UV LEDs radiate intense UV light during operation. Precautions must be taken to prevent looking directly at the UV light, and UV light protective glasses must be worn to avoid eye damage. Exposure of the skin and other body parts to the UV light should be avoided.

ltem #	Info ^a	Nominal Wavelength ^b	Housing Type ^c	LED Output Power (Min / Typ.) ^{b,d}	Bandwidth (FWHM)	Irradiance (Typ.) ^e	Max Current (CW)	Forward Voltage (Typ.)	Viewing Angle (Full Angle at Half Max)	Recommended Driver
M365L2	0	365 nm		190 mW / 360 mW	7.5 nm	8.9 µW/mm ²	700 mA	4.4 V	120°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^f , or DC4104 ^f
M365LP1	0	365 nm		1150 mW / 1400 mW	9 nm	17.6 µW/mm ²	1700 mA	4.0 V	120°	DC2200
M375L4	0	375 mm	-	1270 mW / 1540 mW	9 nm	19.2 µW/mm ²	1400 mA	3.6 V	130°	DC2200
M385L2	0	385 nm		270 mW / 430 mW	10 nm	11.8 µW/mm ²	700 mA	4.3 V	120°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^f , or DC4104 ^f
M385LP1	0	385 nm		1650 mW / 1830 mW	12 nm	23.3 µW/mm ²	1700 mA	3.9 V	120°	DC2200
M395L4	0	395 nm	-	400 mW / 535 mW	16 nm	6.7 µW/mm ²	500 mA	4.5 V	126°	DC2200, LEDD1B,
M405L4	0	405 nm		1000 mW / 1300 mW	12.5 nm	14.53 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.4 V	140°	DC4100 ^f , or DC4104 ^f
M405LP1	0	405 nm		1200 mW / 1700 mW	12 nm	24.6 µW/mm ²	1400 mA	3.45 V	120°	DC2200

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

c . Click for LED Product Photo

d. When Driven at the Max Current

e. Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.

f. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
M365L2	365 nm, 190 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$518.34	Today
M365LP1	365 nm, 1150 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1700 mA	\$460.99	Today
M375L4	375 nm, 1270 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1400 mA	\$180.35	Today
M385L2	385 nm, 270 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$518.34	Today

M385LP1	385 nm, 1650 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1700 mA	\$460.99	5-8 Days
M395L4	395 nm, 400 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$312.73	Today
M405L4	405 nm, 1000 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$233.40	Today
M405LP1	405 nm, 1200 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1400 mA	\$460.99	Today

Hide Single-Color Cold Visible Mounted LEDs (420 - 565 nm)

Single-Color Cold Visible Mounted LEDs (420 - 565 nm)

Please note that the 415 nm (violet) LEDs radiate intense UV light during operation. Precautions must be taken to prevent looking directly at the UV light, and UV light protective glasses must be worn to avoid eye damage. Exposure of the skin and other body parts to the UV light should be avoided.

Item #	Info ^a	Nominal Wavelength ^{b,c}	Housing Type ^d	LED Output Power (Min / Typ.) ^{b,e}	Bandwidth (FWHM)	Irradiance (Typ.) ^f	Max Current (CW)	Forward Voltage ^g	Viewing Angle (Full Angle at Half Max)	Recommended Driver
M415L4 ^h	0	415 nm (Violet)		1310 mW / 1550 mW	14 nm	15.6 µW/mm ²	1500 mA	3.1 V	138°	- DC2200
M415LP1 ^h	0	415 nm (Violet)		1640 mW / 1940 mW	14 nm	19.5 µW/mm ²	2000 mA	3.15 V	138°	- DC2200
M430L4	0	430 nm (Violet)	-	490 mW / 600 mW	15 nm	35.3 µW/mm ²	500 mA	3.8 V	22°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ⁱ , or DC4104 ⁱ
M450LP1	0	450 nm (Royal Blue)		1850 mW / 2100 mW	18 nm	35.6 µW/mm ²	2000 mA	3.5 V	120°	DC2200
M455L4	0	455 nm (Royal Blue)		1150 mW / 1445 mW	18 nm	32 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.25 V	80°	
M470L4		470 nm (Blue)		760 mW / 965 mW	26 nm	19.9 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.2 V	80°	DC2200,
M490L4		490 nm (Blue)		205 mW / 240 mW	26 nm	2.5 µW/mm ²	350 mA	3.8 V	128°	LEDD1B,
M505L3		505 nm (Cyan)		400 mW / 440 mW	30 nm	11.1 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.3 V	80°	DC4100 ⁱ , or
M505L4		505 nm (Cyan)		400 mW / 520 mW	37 nm	5.94 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.5 V	130°	DC4104 ⁱ
M530L4	0	530 nm (Green)		370 mW / 480 mW	35 nm	9.46 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.6 V	80°	
MINTL5	0	554 nm (Mint)		650 mW / 1850 mW	-	12.4 µW/mm ²	1225 mA	3.5 V	120°	DC2200 or LEDD1B ^j
M565L3 ^k	0	565 nm (Lime)	-	880 mW / 979 mW	104 nm	11.7 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.1 V (Max)	125°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ⁱ , or DC4104 ⁱ

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

c. The nominal wavelength indicates the wavelength at which the LED appears brightest to the human eye. The nominal wavelength for visible LEDs may not correspond to the peak wavelength as measured by a spectrometer.

- d. Click for LED Product Photo
- e. When Driven at the Max Current

f Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED. Values are typical unless otherwise stated.

g. This LED radiates intense UV light during operation. Precautions must be taken to prevent looking directly at the UV light and UV light protective glasses must be worn to avoid eye damage. Exposure of the skin and other body parts to the UV light should be avoided.

h. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

i. Due to the maximum current that can be provided by this driver, while this mounted LED can be driven, it will not reach full power.

j. This LED is phosphor-converted and may not turn off completely when modulated above 10 kHz at duty cycles below 50%.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability

M415L4	415 nm, 1310 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1500 mA	\$212.18	Today
M415LP1	415 nm, 1640 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 2000 mA	\$318.27	Today
M430L4	430 nm, 490 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$175.05	Today
M450LP1	450 nm, 1850 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 2000 mA	\$325.72	Today
M455L4	455 nm, 1150 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$296.50	Today
M470L4	470 nm, 760 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$296.50	Today
M490L4	490 nm, 205 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 350 mA	\$206.68	Today
M505L3	505 nm, 440 mW (Typ.) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$229.69	Today
M505L4	505 nm, 520 mW (Typ.) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$296.50	Today
M530L4	530 nm, 370 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$296.50	Today
MINTL5	554 nm, 650 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1225 mA	\$283.25	Today
M565L3	565 nm, 880 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$233.74	Today

Hide Single-Color Warm Visible Mounted LEDs (590 - 730 nm)

				LED Output			Max	Forward	Viewing Angle	
Item #	Info ^a	Nominal Wavelength ^{b,c}	Housing Type ^d	Power (Min / Typ.) ^{b,e}	Bandwidth (FWHM)	Irradiance (Typ.) ^f	Current (CW)	Voltage (Typ.)	(Full Angle at Half Max)	Recommended Driver
M590L3	0	590 nm (Amber)		160 mW / 170 mW	18 nm	5.3 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	2.2 V	80°	
M590L4	0	590 nm (Amber)		230 mW / 300 mW	15 nm	6.0 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	2.5 V	80°	
M595L3 ^g	0	595 nm (Amber)		445 mW / 502 mW	80 nm	6.9 µW/mm ²	700 mA	3.05 V	125°	DC2200, LEDD1B,
M617L3	0	617 nm (Orange)		600 mW / 650 mW	18 nm	15.7 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	2.2 V	80°	DC4100 ^h , or DC4104 ^h
M617L4	0	617 nm (Orange)		660 mW / 860 mW	16 nm	19.86 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	2.6 V	80°	
M625L4	0	625 nm (Red)		700 mW / 920 mW	17 nm	21.9 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	2.5 V	80°	
M660L4	0	660 nm (Deep Red)		940 mW / 1050 mW	20 nm	20.88 µW/mm ²	1200 mA	2.6 V	120°	DC2200 or LEDD1B
M680L4	0	680 nm (Deep Red)		180 mW / 210 mW	22 nm	14.5 µW/mm ²	600 mA	2.5 V	18°	DC2200,
M700L4	0	700 nm (Deep Red)		80 mW / 125 mW	20 nm	1.0 µW/mm ²	500 mA	2.7 V	128°	LEDD1B, DC4100 ^h , or
M730L5	0	730 nm (Far Red)		540 mW / 680 mW	40 nm	13.1 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	2.25 V	80°	DC4104 ^h

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

c. The nominal wavelength indicates the wavelength at which the LED appears brightest to the human eye. The nominal wavelength for visible LEDs may not correspond to the peak wavelength as measured by a spectrometer.

d. Click for LED Product Photo

e. When Driven at the Max Current

f . Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.

g. This LED is phosphor-converted and may not turn off completely when modulated above 10 kHz at duty cycles below 50%.

h. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
M590L3	590 nm, 160 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$164.80	Lead Time
M590L4	590 nm, 230 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$216.30	Today
M595L3	595 nm, 445 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$233.74	Today

617 nm, 600 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$164.80	Today
617 nm, 660 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$216.30	Today
625 nm, 700 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$216.30	Today
660 nm, 940 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1200 mA	\$233.74	Today
Customer Inspired! 680 nm, 180 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 600 mA	\$209.93	Today
700 nm, 80 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$209.93	Today
730 nm, 540 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$221.45	Today
	617 nm, 660 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA625 nm, 700 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA660 nm, 940 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1200 mACustomer Inspired! 680 nm, 180 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 600 mA700 nm, 80 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	617 nm, 660 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA \$216.30 625 nm, 700 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA \$216.30 660 nm, 940 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1200 mA \$233.74 Customer Inspired! 680 nm, 180 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 600 mA \$209.93 700 nm, 80 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA \$209.93

Hide IR Mounted LEDs (780 - 1650 nm)

IR Mounted LEDs (780 - 1650 nm) Max Forward **Viewing Angle** Nominal Housing **LED Output Power** Irradiance (Full Angle at Half Bandwidth Current Voltage Recommended (Min / Typ.)^{b,d} Info^a Wavelengthb (FWHM) (Typ.)^e Driver Item # Type^c (CW) (Typ.) Max) DC2200. LEDD1B, M780L3 0 200 mW / 300 mW 780 nm 28 nm 47.3 µW/mm² 800 mA 20V 20° DC4100^f, or DC4104^f DC2200 or M780LP1 0 800 mW / 950 mW 120° 780 nm 30 nm 13.3 µW/mm² 800 mA 6.6 V LEDD1B M810L3 0 810 nm 325 mW / 375 mW 25 nm 500 mA 3.6 V 20° DC2200, 61.8 µW/mm² LEDD1B, DC4100^f, or 0 M810L4 810 nm 363 mW / 542 mW 32 nm 23.7 µW/mm² 1000 mA 3.55 V 80° DC4104^f DC2200 or M850L3 0 850 nm 900 mW / 1100 mW 30 nm 22.9 µW/mm² 1200 mA 2.95 V 90° LEDD1B M850LP1 0 850 nm 1400 mW / 1600 mW 30 nm 19.4 µW/mm² 1500 mA 3.85 V 150° DC2200 M880L3 0 300 mW / 350 mW 1.7 V 132° 880 nm 50 nm 5.6 µW/mm² 1000 mA M940L3 0 940 nm 800 mW / 1000 mW 37 nm 1000 mA 2.75 V 90° 19.1 µW/mm² M970L4 0 970 nm 600 mW / 720 mW 60 nm 1000 mA 1.9 V 130° 7.4 µW/mm² M1050L2 0 1050 nm 50 mW / 70 mW 700 mA 1.5 V 120° 60 nm 1.9 µW/mm² DC2200, 1.4 V M1050L4 0 1050 nm 160 mW / 210 mW 37 nm 3.7 µW/mm² 600 mA 128° LEDD1B, DC4100^f, or M1200L3 0 1200 nm 30 mW / 35 mW 80 nm 700 mA 1.4 V 134° 0.7 µW/mm² DC4104^f M1300L3 0 1300 nm 25 mW / 30 mW 80 nm 500 mA 1.4 V 134° 0.6 µW/mm² M1450L3 0 1450 nm 31 mW / 36 mW 80 nm 700 mA 1.15 V 136° 0.4 µW/mm² M1550L3 0 31 mW / 36 mW 1000 mA 1.35 V 136° 1550 nm 102 nm 0.5 µW/mm² M1650L4 0 1650 nm 13 mW / 16 mW 120 nm 1.2 µW/mm² 600 mA 1.1 V 20°

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

c. Click for LED Product Photo

d. When Driven at the Max Current

e. Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.

f - This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
M780L3	780 nm, 200 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 800 mA	\$233.74	Today
M780LP1	780 nm, 800 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 800 mA	\$353.86	Today
M810L3	810 nm, 325 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$217.51	Today
M810L4	810 nm, 363 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$255.00	Today

M850L3	850 nm, 900 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1200 mA	\$233.74	Today
M850LP1	850 nm, 1400 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1500 mA	\$370.09	Today
M880L3	880 nm, 300 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$233.74	Today
M940L3	940 nm, 800 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$233.74	5-8 Days
M970L4	970 nm, 600 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$180.35	Today
M1050L2	Customer Inspired! 1050 nm, 50 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$251.05	Today
M1050L4	1050 nm, 160 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 600 mA	\$305.54	Today
M1200L3	Customer Inspired! 1200 nm, 30 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$311.65	Today
M1300L3	Customer Inspired! 1300 nm, 25 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$311.65	Today
M1450L3	1450 nm, 31 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$311.65	Today
M1550L3	Customer Inspired! 1550 nm, 31 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$311.65	Today
M1650L4	1650 nm, 13 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 600 mA	\$310.84	Today

Hide Purple Mounted LED (455 nm / 640 nm)

Purple Mounted LED (455 nm / 640 nm)

Our dual-peak LED was designed for applications requiring illumination in both red and blue portions of the spectrum, such as horticulture. This purple LED features dual peaks at 455 nm and 640 nm, respectively, to stimulate photosynthesis (see graph to compare the absorption peaks of photosynthesis pigments with the LED spectrum). The LED was designed to maintain the red/blue ratio of the emission spectrum over its lifetime to provide high uniformity of plant growth.

ltem #	Info ^a	Nominal Wavelength ^b	Housing Type ^c	LED Output Power (Min / Typ.) ^{b,d}	Bandwidth (FWHM)	Irradiance (Typ.) ^e	Max Current (CW)	Forward Voltage (Typ.)	Viewing Angle (Full Angle at Half Max)	Recommended Driver
MPRP1L4 ^f	0	455 nm (12.5% ^g) / 640 nm	-	275 mW / 325 mW	N/A	3.7 µW/mm ²	300 mA	3.1 V	115°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^h , or DC4104 ^h

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

- c. Click for LED Product Photo
- d. When Driven at the Max Current
- e. Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.
- f. This LED is phosphor-converted and may not turn off completely when modulated above 10 kHz at duty cycles below 50%.
- 9. Percentage of LED intensity that emits in the blue portion of the spectrum, from 400 nm to 525 nm. Click on the info icon for details.
- h. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
MPRP1L4	455 nm (12.5%) / 640 nm, 275 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 300 mA	\$159.14	Today

Hide White Mounted LEDs (400 - 700 nm Wavelength Range)

White Mounted LEDs (400 - 700 nm Wavelength Range)

Our warm, neutral, and cold white LEDs feature broad spectra that span several hundred nanometers. The difference in appearance among these LEDs can be described using the correlated color temperature, which indicates that the LEDs color appearance is similar to a black body radiator at that temperature. In general, warm white LEDs offer a spectrum similar to a tungsten source, while cold white LEDs have a stronger blue component to the spectrum; neutral white LEDs provide a more even illumination spectrum over the visible range than warm white or cold white LEDs. Cold white LEDs are more suited for fluorescence microscopy applications or cameras with white balancing, because of a higher intensity at most wavelengths compared to warm white LEDs. Neutral white LEDs are ideal for horticultural applications.

									Viewing		
				LED Output			Max	Forward	Angle		
		Color	Housing	Power	Bandwidth	Irradiance	Current	Voltage	(Full Angle	Recommended	
Item #	Info ^a	Temperature ^b	Туре ^с	(Min / Typ.) ^{b,d}	(FWHM)	(Typ.) ^e	(CW)	(Тур.)	at Half Max)	Driver	

MWWHL4 ^f	0	3000 K (Warm White)	-	570 mW / 640 mW	N/A	9.4 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.0 V	120°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ⁹ , or DC4104 ⁹
MWWHLP1 ^f	0	3000 K (Warm White)		2000 mW / 2300 mW	N/A	37.0 µW/mm ²	700 mA	11.7 V	125°	DC2200 or LEDD1B
MNWHL4 ^f	0	4900 K (Neutral White)	-	740 mW / 880 mW	N/A	7.7 µW/mm ²	1225 mA	2.9 V	150°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^{g,h} , or DC4104 ^{g,h}
MCWHL5 ^f	0	6500 K (Cold White)	-	800 mW / 840 mW	N/A	24.8 µW/mm ²	1000 mA	3.2 V	80°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^g , or DC4104 ^g
MCWHL6 ^f	0	6500 K (Cold White)	-	990 mW / 1430 mW	N/A	25.0 µW/mm ²	1200 mA	2.8 V	120°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^{g,h} , or DC4104 ^{g,h}
MCWHLP1 ^f	0	6500 K (Cold White)		2350 mW / 2700 mW	N/A	41.3 µW/mm ²	700 mA	11.7 V	125°	DC2200 or LEDD1B

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

- c. Click for LED Product Photo
- d. When Driven at the Max Current
- e. Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.
- f. These LEDs are phosphor-converted and may not turn off completely when modulated above 10 kHz at duty cycles below 50%.
- g. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.
- h. Due to the maximum current that can be provided by this driver, while this mounted LED can be driven, it will not reach full power.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
MWWHL4	3000 K, 570 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$182.88	Today
MWWHLP1	3000 K, 2000 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$331.12	Today
MNWHL4	4900 K, 740 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1225 mA	\$159.14	Today
MCWHL5	6500 K, 800 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1000 mA	\$213.18	Today
MCWHL6	6500 K, 990 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 1200 mA	\$215.00	Today
MCWHLP1	6500 K, 2350 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 700 mA	\$331.12	5-8 Days

Hide Broadband Mounted LED (470 - 850 nm)

Broadband Mounted LED (470 - 850 nm)

The MBB1L3 mounted broadband LED has been designed to have a relatively flat spectral emission over a wide wavelength range. Its FWHM bandwidth ranges from 500 nm to 780 nm, while the 10 dB bandwidth ranges between 470 nm and 850 nm.

Item #	Info ^a	Nominal Wavelength ^b	Housing Type ^c	LED Output Power (Min / Typ.) ^{b,d}	Bandwidth (FWHM)	Irradiance (Typ.) ^e	Max Current (CW)	Forward Voltage (Typ.)	Viewing Angle (Full Angle at Half Max)	Recommended Driver
MBB1L3	f 🜒	470 - 850 nm (10 dB Bandwidth)		70 mW	280 nm	12.5 µW/mm ²	500 mA	3.6 V	120°	DC2200, LEDD1B, DC4100 ^g , or DC4104 ^g

a. Click on the blue info icon for complete specifications and LED spectrum.

b. Due to variations in the manufacturing process and operating parameters such as temperature and current, the actual spectral output of any given LED will vary. Output plots and nominal wavelength specs are only intended to be used as a guideline.

c. Click for LED Product Photo

- d. When Driven at the Max Current
- e. Irradiance is measured at a distance of 200 mm from the LED.
- f. The LED may not turn off completely when modulated at frequencies above 1 kHz with a duty cycle of 50%, as the broadband emission is produced by optically stimulating emission from phosphor. For modulation at frequencies above 1 kHz, the duty cycle may be reduced. For example, 10 kHz modulation is attainable with a duty cycle of 5%.
- g. This is a four-channel driver and requires the DC4100-HUB connector hub to drive mounted LEDs.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
MBB1L3	Broadband (470 - 850 nm), 70 mW (Min) Mounted LED, 500 mA	\$545.39	Today

Hide Adjustable Collimation Adapters for Ø2" (Ø50 mm) Optics

Adjustable Collimation Adapters for Ø2" (Ø50 mm) Optics

- Integrate a Ø2" (Ø50 mm) Collimation Optic with Thorlabs' Mounted LEDs
- Adjust and Set Lens Position via Rotating Ring with Locking Setscrew
- Available with or without AR-Coated Lens (See Table Below for Details)





SM2F Adapter Installed

on a

These adapters allow a Ø2" (Ø50 mm) collimation optic to be integrated with the mounted LEDs sold above. The adapters can translate the lens by up to 20 mm. They are offered in versions without a collimation optic or with a removable AR-coated aspheric condenser lens for 350 - 700 nm or 650 - 1050 nm. All of these adapters attach to the LED housing via external SM1 threads, allowing them to be used with both the Ø30.5 mm and Ø57.0 mm housings.

M365LP1 Mounted LED The collimation lens is mounted in an inner carriage that provides rotating translation along the Z-axis by turning the knurled adjustment ring (engraved with the item # in the photos to the left) and is locked into position by turning the locking screw on the side of the adjustment ring with a 2 mm (5/64") hex key. Lines, spaced 2 mm apart, are engraved on the housing as a rough guide for how far the carriage has been translated. The mounting threads on the housing remain fixed during translation, allowing these adapters to be mounted between fixed lens tubes. These collimation adapters use an extra-thick SM2-threaded retaining ring designed for holding aspheric condenser lenses. The retaining rings can be tightened or loosened using an SPW604 spanner wrench.

a. We offer suggestions for how to collimate most of our LEDs. Click on the info icons (🕖) above for details.

The input and output apertures of the collimation adapters are threaded for compatibility with various components; please see the table below for details.

Inserting or Removing Optics

To insert or remove an optic in these collimation adapters, use the adjustment ring to translate the inner carriage to the output end of the housing. Remove the included retaining ring using the spanner wrench. If there is a lens installed already, remove it from the carriage. Insert another Ø2" (Ø50 mm) optic into the carriage, and use the retaining ring to secure it.

Using a lens with a substrate or AR coating that does not transmit the wavelength of your LED is not recommended. Deep UV LEDs (wavelengths ≤ 340 nm) require a lens fabricated from UV Fused Silica, since many standard varieties of glass do not transmit below 350 nm. IR LEDs that emit at wavelengths ≥ 1050 nm can be collimated using an uncoated condenser lens, such as the Ø50 mm ACL50832U which has a wavelength range of 380 - 2100 nm.

Item #	Compatible Optic	Lens Travel Range	Input Threading	Output Threading	Included Lens	AR Coating Range	Lens Focal Length	Operating Temperature
SM2F ^a					N/A	N/A	N/A	
SM2F32- A	Ø2" (Ø50 mm)	20 mm (0.79")	External SM1 (1.035"- 40) ^b	Internal SM2 (2.035"- 40) ^c	ACL50832U- A	350 - 700 nm	32.0 mm	15 - 60 °C (Non-Condensing)
SM2F32- B	, ,		40)	+0)		650 - 1050 nm	32.0 mm	(

a. The SM2F does not include a collimation optic, allowing user-supplied optics to be integrated with Thorlabs' mounted LEDs.

b. This thread is part of a removable adapter; removing the adapter reveals external SM2 (2.035"-40) threading.

c. This thread is part of a removable adapter; removing the adapter reveals internal M62 x 0.75 threading.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
SM2F	Adjustable Collimation Adapter for Ø2" or Ø50 mm Optic	\$268.37	Today
SM2F32-A	Adjustable Collimation Adapter with Ø2" Lens, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm	\$285.68	Today
SM2F32-B	Adjustable Collimation Adapter with Ø2" Lens, AR Coating: 650 - 1050 nm	\$285.68	Today

Hide Microscope Collimation Adapters with Ø50 mm Lens

Microscope Collimation Adapters with Ø50 mm Lens

- AR-Coated Aspheric Lens with Low f/# (Approximately 0.8)
- Compatible with Select Leica, Nikon, Olympus, or Zeiss Microscopes
- Easily Adjust Beam Collimation / Focus
- Requires SM2T2 Coupler and SM1A2 Adapter (Each Sold Separately) when Used with the LEDs Above



Installation of a collimation adapter to a mounted LED using the SM2T2 and SM1A2 thread adapters. The same setup can be used to attach the collimation adapter to the LEDs above that use a Ø57.0 mm housing.

Thorlabs offers collimation adapters with Ø50 mm ARcoated aspheric condenser lenses (EFL: 40 mm) for

collimating the output from the mounted LEDs sold above. Two AR coating ranges (350 - 700 nm and 650 - 1050 nm) and four different collimator housings are available. Each housing is designed with a dovetail or bayonet mount to mate to the illumination port on selected Olympus*, Leica, Nikon, or Zeiss microscopes. Compatible microscopes are listed in the Collimation Adapter Selection Guide table below.

Using an adapter with a substrate or AR coating that does not transmit the wavelength of your LED is not recommended. Deep UV LEDs (M265L3, M280L3, and M340L3) require a lens fabricated from UV Fused Silica, since many standard varieties of glass do not transmit below 350 nm. IR LEDs that emit beyond 1050 nm (M1200L3, M1300L3, M1450L3, and M1550L3) can be collimated using an uncoated condenser lens; the ACL5040U is an uncoated version of the Ø50 mm lenses used in the collimation packages below that has a wavelength range of 380 - 2100 nm. See the *Collimation Adapter* tab in the info icons above for additional collimation options.

The LED sources described above can be fitted to the collimators by using an SM2T2 Coupler and SM1A2 Adapter (not included) as shown in the image at right. This assembly can be easily adapted to different LED sources by unscrewing the LED housing.

LED Quick Links
Mounted LEDs
Deep UV (265 - 340 nm)
UV (365 - 405 nm)
Cold Visible (420 - 565 nm)
Warm Visible (590 - 730 nm)
IR (780 - 1550 nm)
White (400 - 700 nm)
Broadband (470 - 850 nm)
LED Collimation ^a
Adjustable Collimation Adapters
Microscope Collimation Adapters
LED Mating Connector
LED Drivers
LED Drivers

 a. We offer suggestions for how to collimate most of our LEDs. Click on the info icons (1) above for details.

*Please note that due to the optical design of the transmitted lamphouse port of the BX and IX microscopes, it may be necessary to purchase a separate adapter, which is available from Olympus.

Collimation Adapter Selection Guide								
Compatible Microscopes		opes	Olympus BX & IX ^a	Olympus BX & IX ^a Leica DMI Zeiss Axioskop & Examiner ^b		Nikon Eclipse Ti		
AR Coating Range of Condenser Lens	Lens Focal Length	Lens Item #	Click to Enlarge	Click to Enlarge	Click to Enlarge	Click to Enlarge		
350 - 700 nm	40.0 mm	ACL5040U- A	COP1-A	COP2-A	COP4-A	COP5-A		
650 - 1050 nm	40.0 mm	ACL5040U- B	COP1-B	COP2-B	COP4-B	COP5-B		

a. Please note that due to the optical design of the transmitted lamphouse port of the BX and IX microscopes it may be necessary to purchase a separate adapter which is available from Olympus.

b. These adapters are compatible with any Zeiss microscopes that use the same dovetail as the Zeiss Axioskop or Examiner microscopes.

Description	Price	Availability
Collimation Adapter for Olympus BX & IX, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm	\$200.19	Today
Collimation Adapter for Olympus BX & IX, AR Coating: 650 - 1050 nm	\$233.74	Today
	Collimation Adapter for Olympus BX & IX, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm	Collimation Adapter for Olympus BX & IX, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm \$200.19

COP2-A	Collimation Adapter for Leica DMI, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm	\$200.19	Today
COP2-B	Collimation Adapter for Leica DMI, AR Coating: 650 - 1050 nm	\$233.74	Today
COP4-A	Collimation Adapter for Zeiss Axioskop & Examiner, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm	\$200.19	Today
COP4-B	Collimation Adapter for Zeiss Axioskop & Examiner, AR Coating: 650 - 1050 nm	\$233.74	Today
COP5-A	Collimation Adapter for Nikon Eclipse Ti, AR Coating: 350 - 700 nm	\$236.98	Today
COP5-B	Collimation Adapter for Nikon Eclipse Ti, AR Coating: 650 - 1050 nm	\$274.86	Today
SM1A2	Adapter with External SM1 Threads and Internal SM2 Threads	\$26.51	Today
SM2T2	SM2 (2.035"-40) Coupler, External Threads, 1/2" Long	\$37.61	Today

Hide Mounted LED Mating Connector

Mounted LED Mating Connector

- Pico (M8) Receptacle
- Female 4-Pin for Front Mounting
- 0.5 m Long, 24 AWG Wires
- M8 x 0.5 Panel Mount Thread
- IP 67 and NEMA 6P Rated

The CON8ML-4 connector can be used to mate mounted LEDs featured on this page to user-supplied power supplies. We also offer a male 4-Pin M8 connector cable (item # CAB-LEDD1).

Pin	Color	Specification	
1	Brown	LED Anode	
2 White		LED Cathode	
3	Black	EEPROM GND	
4	Blue	EEPROM IO	



CON8ML-4 Shown Connected to the 4-Pin M8 Plug of Mounted LED

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
CON8ML-4	4-Pin Female Mating Connector for Mounted LEDs	\$33.28	Today