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FES0750 - February 10, 2023

Item # FES0750 was discontinued on February 10, 2023. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.

EDGEPASS FILTERS: LONGPASS AND SHORTPASS

- Shortpass and Longpass Filters
- May be Combined for Custom Bandpass Filtering
- 0.01% Max Transmission in Rejection Region







FEL0450

Engraving Indicates Recommended Transmission Direction



Hide Overview

OVERVIEW

Features

- 1" Outer Diameter (Ø21.0 mm Clear Aperture)
- Order Sorting Filters for Photometry
- Stray Light or Trim Filters to Eliminate any Unwanted Near-Band Radiation
- Raman Spectroscopy Filters
- Astronomy Applications

Thorlabs' longpass and shortpass filters are very useful for isolating regions of a spectrum. These edgepass filters feature durable dielectric coatings that withstand the normal cleaning and handling necessary when using any high-quality optical component. Their film construction is essentially a modified quarter-wave stack, using interference effects rather than absorption, to isolate their spectral bands (see the Specs tab for transmission information).

Unlike colored filter glass, the cut-on and cut-off wavelength of these filters will shift to a shorter wavelength as the angle of incidence is increased. As a rule of thumb, when the angle of incidence goes from 0° to 45°, the central wavlength shifts down by about 10%. This feature can be useful in applications where it is desirable to fine tune the location of the cut-on, or cut-off wavelength. In addition, our edgepass filters are hermetically sealed to provide maximum humidity protection, and they can be stacked to create a custom bandpass filter.





Click to Enlarge
FEL-1500 Filter
Mounted in a TRF90
Flip Mount Using a
Retaining Ring

	Longpass Filters	Shortpass Filters
Transmission Region	Cut-on λ to 2200 nm (Min)	0.7 λ to Cut-off λ (Unless 0.7 λ is < 400 nm, then 400 nm to Cut-off λ)
Rejection Region	200 nm to Cut-on λ	1.3 times Cut-off λ

Please note: The edgepass filters on this page are not tested or recommended for fluorescence applications. Please see our premium hard-coated edgepass

filters for use in fluorescence applications.

Webpage Feature

Clicking on this symbol in the tables below will open a window showing transmission
and optical density data for the corresponding filter. Each filter is housed in a black anodized aluminum ring that is labeled with an arrow indicating the design propagation direction. The ring makes handling easier and enhances the blocking OD by limiting scattering. These filters can be mounted in our extensive line of filter mounts and wheels. As the mounts are not threaded, Ø1" retaining rings will be required to mount the filters in one of our internally-threaded SM1 lens tubes. We do not recommend removing the filter from its mount, as the filter consists of several layers of glass that are held together with epoxy and the mounting ring. These glass layers are necessary to protect the dielectric coating from the atmosphere; exposure would significantly reduce the filter's transmission efficiency over time.

For applications with demanding wavefront requirements, such as imaging, please consider our premium edgepass filters.

Hide Specs

SPECS

	Longpass Filters	Shortpass Filters
Transmission Region	Cut-on λ to 2200 nm Minimum	0.7λ to Cut-off λ (Unless 0.7λ is < 400 nm, Then 400 nm to Cut-off λ)
Transmission at Peak ^a	400 - 700 nm, 80% 750 - 1000 nm, 75% >1000 nm, 70%	550 - 1000 nm, 80% <550 nm, 70%
Cut-On or Cut-Off Tolerance $(\Delta \lambda @ 50\% \text{ of Peak})$	±3 nm (400 to 750 nm) ±15 nm (800 to 1500 nm)	±3 nm (450 to 750 nm) ±15 nm (800 to 1000 nm)
Rejection Region	200 nm to Cut-On	1.3 Times Cut-Off
Transmission in Rejection Region	0.01% abs. (OD > 4.0)	0.01% abs., 0.0001% avg. (OD > 4.0)
Cut-off Slope	3%, OD = 0.3 to OD = 4	4-5%, OD = 0.3 to OD = 4
Construction		Immersed Dielectric
Surface Quality (Scratch-Dig)		80-50 per Mil-0-13830A
Substrate Material		Soda Lime or Equivalent
Clear Aperture		Ø21.0 mm
Diameter		1" (25.4 mm)

• a. For FEL0450, the Transmission at Peak from 400-2200 nm is 70%.

Optical Density Equation:

$$OD = \log_{10}\left(\frac{1}{T}\right)$$

Hide Tutorial

TUTORIAL

Bandpass/Edgepass Filter Structure

A bandpass or edgepass filter is created by depositing layers of material on the surface of the substrate. Typically, there are several dielectric stacks separated by spacer layers. The dielectric stack is composed of a large number of alternating layers of low-index and high-index dielectric material. The thickness of each layer in the dielectric stack is $\lambda/4$, where λ is the central wavelength of the bandpass filter (i.e. the wavelength with the highest transmittance through the filter). The spacer layers are placed in between the dielectric stacks and have a thickness of $(n\lambda)/2$, where n is an integer. The spacer layers can be formed from colored glass, epoxy,



The number of layers shown in this schematic is not indicative of the number of layers in an actual bandpass filter. Also the drawing is not to scale.

dyes, metallic, or dielectric layers. A Fabry-Perot cavity is formed by each spacer layer sandwiched between dielectric stacks. The filter is mounted in an engraved metal ring for protection and ease of handling.

Filter Operation Overview

The constructive interference conditions of a Fabry-Perot cavity allow light at the central wavelength, and a small band of wavelengths to either side, to be transmitted efficiently, while destructive interference prevents the light outside the passband from being transmitted. However, the band of blocked wavelengths on either side of the central wavelength is small. In order increase the blocking range of the filter, materials with broad blocking ranges are used for or coated onto the spacer layers and the substrate. Although these materials effectively block out of band transmission of incident radiation they also decrease the transmission through the filter in the passband.

Filter Orientation

An engraved arrow on the edge of the filter is used to indicate the recommended direction for the transmission of light through the filter. Although the filter will function with either side facing the source, it is better to place the coated side toward the source. This will minimize any thermal effects or possible thermal damage that blocking intense out-of-band radiation might cause due to the absorption of the out-of-band radiation by the substrate or colored glass filter layers. The plot to the right was made by illuminating the filter with a low intensity broadband light and measuring the transmission as a function of wavelength. The plot shows that the transmission direction through the filter has very little effect on the intensity and the spectrum of the light transmitted through the filter. The minimal variation between the forward and backward traces is most likely due to a small shift in the incident angle of the light on the filter introduced when the filter was removed, flipped over, and replaced in the jig.



Previous-generation FB800-10 and FB800-40 filters were used to make the measurement that resulted in the plot above.

The filter is intended to be used with collimated light normally incident on the surface of the filter. For uncollimated light or light striking the surface and an angle not normally incident to the surface the central wavelength (wavelength corresponding to peak transmission) will shift toward lower wavelengths and the shape of the transmission region (passband) will change. As a rule of thumb, when the angle of incidence goes from 0° to 45°, the central wavlength shifts down by about 10%. This feature can be useful in applications where it is desirable to fine tune the location of the cut-on, or cut-off wavelength.

Filter Temperature

The central wavelength of the bandpass filter can be tuned slightly (~1 nm over the operating range of the filter) by changing the temperature of the filter. This is primarily due to the slight thermal expansion or contraction of the layers.

Hide Longpass Filters

Longpass Filters

Item #	Cut-On Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Data ^a	Item #	Cut-On Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Data ^a
FEL0450	450	0	FEL1200	1200	0
FEL0900	900	0	FEL1350	1350	0
FEL1000	1000	0	FEL1400	1400	0
FEL1050	1050	0	FEL1500	1500	0

• a. The shaded regions in these graphs denote the spectral ranges over which we recommend using these filters. Please keep in mind that the data given is typical, and performance may vary from lot to lot, particularly outside of the shaded regions.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
FEL0450	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 450 nm	\$120.75	Lead Time
FEL0900	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 900 nm	\$120.75	Today
FEL1000	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 1000 nm	\$120.75	Today
FEL1050	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 1050 nm	\$120.75	Today
FEL1200	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 1200 nm	\$120.75	Today
FEL1350	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 1350 nm	\$120.75	Today
FEL1400	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 1400 nm	\$120.75	Today
FEL1500	Ø1" Longpass Filter, Cut-On Wavelength: 1500 nm	\$120.75	Today

Shortpass Filters

Item #	Cut-Off Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Data ^a	Item #	Cut-Off Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Data ^a
FES0700	700	0	FES0800	800	0
FES0750	750	0	FES0850	850	0

• a. The shaded regions in these graphs denote the spectral ranges over which we recommend using these filters. Please keep in mind that the data given is typical, and performance may vary from lot to lot, particularly outside of the shaded regions.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
FES0700	Ø1" Shortpass Filter, Cut-Off Wavelength: 700 nm	\$120.75	7-10 Days
FES0750	Ø1" Shortpass Filter, Cut-Off Wavelength: 750 nm	\$120.75	7-10 Days
FES0800	Ø1" Shortpass Filter, Cut-Off Wavelength: 800 nm	\$120.75	7-10 Days
FES0850	Ø1" Shortpass Filter, Cut-Off Wavelength: 850 nm	\$120.75	7-10 Days

Hide Storage Box for Mounted Filters

KT06

	Designed to Hold Ø25 mm and Ø50 mm Mounted ND Filters		
	Protects Optics from Dust and Scratches		
	Foam Inserts Separate Optics		
The KT01 and KT0	are designed to hold filters that are housed in SM1-and SM2-threaded mounts respectively.		
The KT01 and KT03	are designed to hold filters that are housed in SM1-and SM2-threaded mounts respectively. Description	Price	Availability

\$103.07

Today

Storage Box for Mounted Ø2" Round Optics (Max. Capacity: 10)





